



BRUCON ACDC Information Sharing Workshop



Ulrich Seldeslachts, Gent, September 27th, 2013











I'm not a security expert, I don't want to be a security expert, but I want to understand to be able to explain. We address security issues to others and help you to make others understand that there are many security challenges and issues, to highlight some of them and to encourage people, organizations and institutions to do something about them. I don't know anything (or at least less than you) about botnets and I'm not planning to be an expert on them. Please make me understand how this works and where you could help us with.

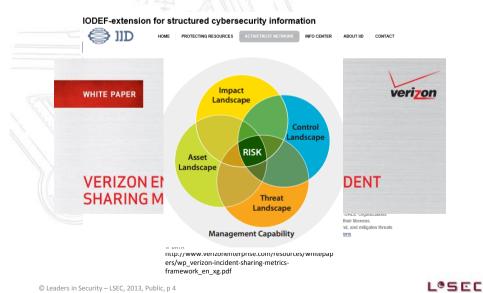
© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2012, Private & Confidential, p 2



About Information Sharing?



Information Sharing?



Information Sharing



Effective Cyber Threat Intelligence and Information Sharing



http://stix.mitre.org/



Information Sharing?



Language

Specify

Capture

Characterize

Communicate

Cyber Threat Information

Community-driven

Consistency

Clarity

Support automation

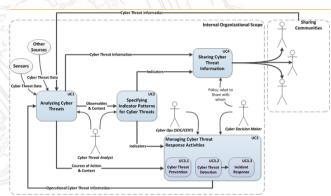
© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 6

http://stix.mitre.org/

LOSEC

Information Sharing?





STIX provides a common mechanism for addressing structured cyber threat information across and among this full range of use cases improving consistency, efficiency, interoperability, and overall situational awareness.

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 7

http://stix.mitre.org/



Information Sharing?





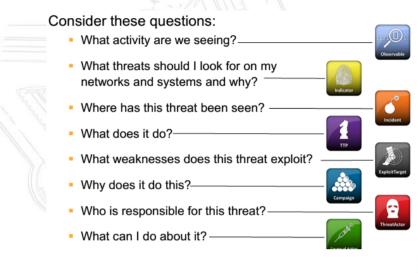
- ▶ Trusted Automated eXchange of Indicator Information
- The goal of TAXII is to facilitate the exchange of structured cyber threat information
 - Designed to support existing sharing paradigms in a more automated manner
- TAXII is a set of specifications defining the network-level activity of the exchange
 - ▶ Defines services and messages to exchange data
 - Does NOT dictate HOW data is handled in the back-end, WHAT data is shared or WHO it is shared with
 - ► TAXII is NOT a sharing program

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 8

http://stix.mitre.org/



Information Sharing?

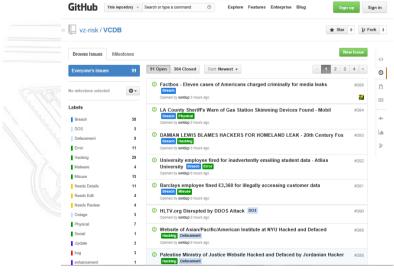


© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 9

http://stix.mitre.org/



Information Sharing?

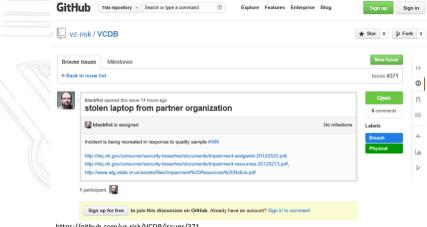


© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 10

https://github.com/vz-risk/VCDB/issues

LOSEC

Information Sharing?



https://github.com/vz-risk/VCDB/issues/371

© Leaders in Security - LSEC, 2013, Public, p 11



Information Sharing?

- 1. Identifying attack factors
 - 1. "CiSP has recognised trends within certain groups of attackers and the means by which they infiltrate their victims"
 - 2. Spear phishing emails continue to persist using topical subjects as a means to fool recipients into opening the email and clicking on the malicious contents.
 - 3. Multiple members have been able to share the information they have gathered, posts enriched, providing additional means of prevention for other members in the form of indicators, and attribution to a recognised attack group.
- 2. capability to provide actionable intelligence
- 3. Operational services such as risk mitigation, incident response, and information sharing
- 4. Fast response on accurate, actionable and relevant information
- 5. Empower business resiliency through security planning, disaster response and recovery execution.

© Leaders in Security - LSEC, 2013, Public, p 12



Objective

- 1. Share knowledge on info-sharing models, methodologies, best practices
- 2. Find info-sharing partners, learn from market experiences
- 3. Develop info sharing platform in Belgium build support centers
- 4. Engage potential members
- 5. Find barriers to entry and capabilities
- 6. Find additional resources to moderate platforms and provide

© Leaders in Security - LSEC, 2013, Public p 13



Creating Security Awareness

- 1. Publications
- 2. Seminars, Conferences, Workshops
- 3. International representation





© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 14



About LSEC: Thought Leadership





About LSEC: ACD Project & information sharing



© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 17

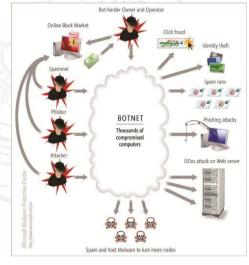




Trust and Security
DG CONNECT - European Commission

Cyber Security Strategy

What Botnets do



© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, for ACDC – public , p 19

Source : PCWorld



Fragmented response

	Objective 1 Tracking down C&C, com. channels, botnet masters	Objective 2 Removing bots from infected computers	Objective 3 Removing malware from web sites and services	Objective 4 Mitigating the impact of botnets
Law enforcement agencies	*		*	
Data Protection Agencies	*	*	*	
Government regulatory authorities	*	*	*	*
Government cybersecurity experts (e.g. CERTs)	*	*	*	*
ISPs	*	*		
Financial institutions		*		
Managed security service providers	*	*	*	*
Web service/cloud providers	*	*	*	*
Web hosting providers	*		*	
Antivirus/Firewall/Scanner Vendors	*	*	*	*
Domain Name Service providers	*		•	
Domain Name Registrars	*		*	
Media		*		
Awareness raising initiatives		*		
Researchers	*	*	•	•
Software & Hardware producers	*	*		*

Source : ENISA, 2012 : DG INFSO CIP PSP

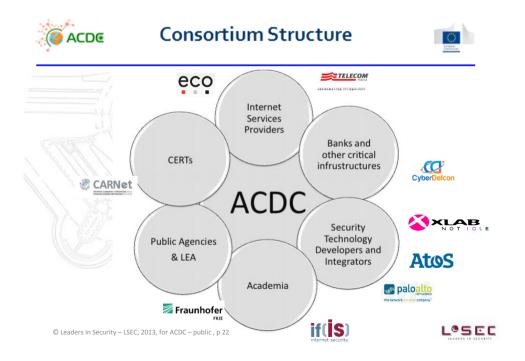
 $^{\circ}$ Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, for ACDC – public , p 20

LOSEC

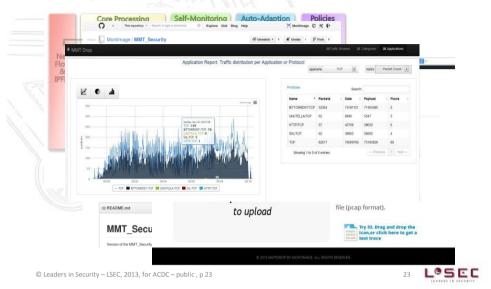


© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, for ACDC – public , p 21

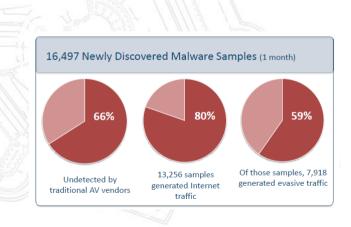
21



Component : Detect - Network Behaviour



Example



 $\hbox{@}$ Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, for ACDC – public , p 24

Source : Palo Alto March 2013

4 LOSEC

Preliminary ACDC Results - impact



Preliminary ACDC Results – impact

https://www.initiative-s.de/de/index.html

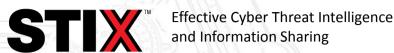


© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, for ACDC – public , p 26

 $\underline{\text{https://www.initiative-s.de/de/index.html}}$

LOSEC

Preliminary ACDC Results – impact sharing

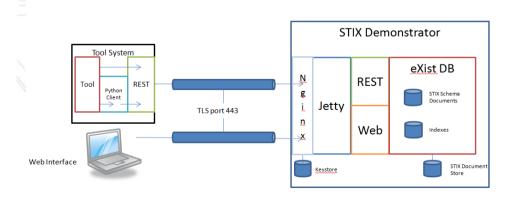




© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, for ACDC – public, p 27

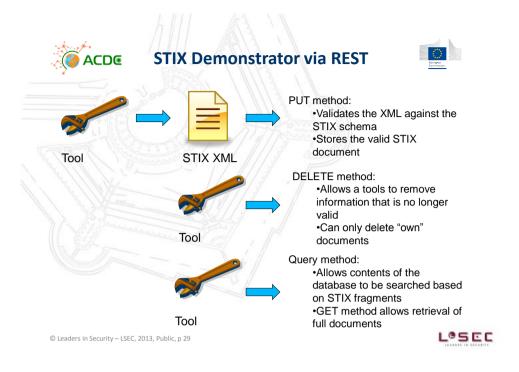
http://stix.mitre.org/

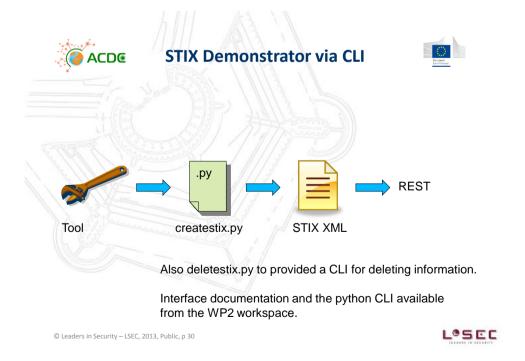




© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 28

LOSEC





Workshop: Sharing Exercise

- · self-awareness in relation to sharing sensitive information
- Sensitive: information which carries an element of risk to you as a person but could benefit another
- based on a model for sharing which came from some recent research conducted among a number of sharing forums in the UK
- assessment contains a number of statements, printed on cards
 - sort into two piles
 - from your viewpoint the statement is true they go on the TRUE pile
 - Other cards go on the FALSE pile
 - take no longer than 10 minutes to complete
 - at the end, you can analyse your results and see a visual representation

© Leaders in Security - LSEC, 2013, Public, p 31



Workshop: Sharing Exercise





Trust is vitally important in a community. I am confident that others will act in good faith because we all gain from sharing in the long term.

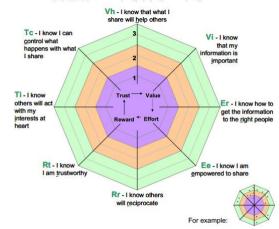
TRUE

- Be able to make judgements :
 - Trust in the person with whom you are sharing;
 - Value of the information you are sharing;
 - Effort you need to expend to share;
 - Reward you would expect from sharing.

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 32



Workshop: Sharing Exercise



Assess yourself.

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 33



Information Sharing

- ISACs : Sector approach
 - Eg FS-ISAC, ISACs in NL
 - Trusted entities established by CI/KR owners and operators.
 - Comprehensive sector analysis
 - Reach-within their sectors, with other sectors, and with government to share critical information
 - All-hazards approach
 - Threat level determination for sector

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 34



ISACs

- Communications ISAC
- Electricity ISAC
- Emergency Management & Response ISAC
- Financial Services ISAC
- Highway ISAC
- Information Technology ISAC
- Maritime ISAC
- Multi-State ISAC

© Leaders in Security - LSEC, 2013, Public, p 35



ISACs

- National Health ISAC
- Public Transit ISAC
- Real Estate ISAC
- Research and Education ISAC
- Supply Chain ISAC
- Surface Transportation ISAC
- Water ISAC

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 36



ISAC EXAMPLE: FS-ISAC Information Sharing and Analysis Tools for Members

- Cyber & Physical alerts from 24/7 Security Ops Center
- Briefings/white papers
- Risk Mitigation Toolkit
- Document Repository
- Anonymous Submissions
- Committee Listservs
- Member surveys
- © Leaders in Security LSEC, 2013, Public, p 37

- · Bi-weekly Threat calls
- Special info sharing member conference calls
- Crisis Management process— CMLT, CINS
- · Semi-annual conferences
- Webinars
- · Regional Program
- Viewpoints

Electricity ISAC

- The ES-ISAC's coverage includes bulk power system entities and 18 Reliability Coordinators and covers the entire continental United States and Canada
- Working on developing the necessary communication and participation with non-bulk power system entities and their critical suppliers
- www.esisac.com

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 38



Financial Services ISAC

- The only industry forum for collaboration on critical security threats facing the financial services sector
- Over 4,200 direct members and 30 member associations
- Ability to reach 99% of the banks and credit unions and 85% of the securities industry, and nearly 50% of the insurance industry
- www.fsisac.com

© Leaders in Security - LSEC, 2013, Public, p 39



Information Technology ISAC

- Reaches 90% of all desktop operating systems, 85% of all databases; 76% of the global microprocessor market; 85% of all routers and 65% of software security
- www.it-isac.org

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 40

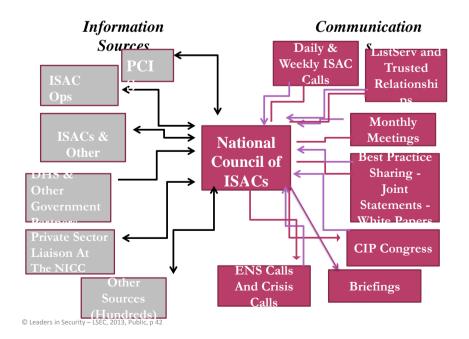


National Health ISAC

- The NH-ISAC serves to protect the nation's healthcare and public health critical infrastructure against security threats and vulnerabilities.
- Founded in 2010 leveraging Center for Technology Innovation at Kennedy Space Center
- · Healthcare and Public Health organizations
- www.nhisac.org

© Leaders in Security - LSEC, 2013, Public, p 41





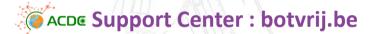
DNS Cache Poisoning

When the DNS Cache Poisoning vulnerability was discovered in July 2008, ISACs alerted each other and shared mitigation strategies:

- Sector Call
- Information Sharing via ListServ
- Information Sharing via trusted relationships
- Weekly Inter-ISAC calls
- Joint Bulletin published by IT, Communications and FS ISACs

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 43







- 1. Under developments
- 2. Key Roles
 - first point of contact of victims suspecting cybercrime
 - resource of:
 - · Information and knowledge for prevention
 - Awareness
 - Dissemination
 - Interact directly with end users first level support
- Tools:
 - Initiative-S: scan websites for possible infection
 - Botvrij.be: inform about botnets, clean infected computer clients, prevent future infections
 - ABBZ Anti Botnet Advisory Center: national support center consisting of a website and an user helpdesk with telephonic support
- 4. Business Service: sharing platform
- 5. Other services:
 - Support forum
 - Social network

© Leaders in Security – LSEC, 2013, Public, p 44

LOSEC

NOT THE END

More information and follow-up

www.acdc-project.eu

This presentation and other stuff (follow the BruCon link tomorrow):

www.lsec.be







© Leaders in Security - LSEC, 2013, Private & Confidential, p 45

Flanders Investment & Trade





Links to Policy Documents



- Council conclusions on Critical Information Infrastructure Protection
- Commission Communication on Critical Information Infrastructure Protection "Achievements and next steps: towards global cyber-security" COM(2011) 163
- Digital Agenda for Europe COM(2010)245 of 19 May 2010
- The EU Internal Security Strategy in Action: Five steps towards a more secure Europe COM(2010)673
- Commission Communication on Critical Information Infrastructure Protection "Protecting Europe from large scale cyber-attacks and disruptions: enhancing preparedness, security and resilience COM(2009) 149

© Leaders in Security - LSEC, 2013, for ACDC - public, p 46

